M/H.

FISHGUARD AND GOODWICK URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND THE

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR

1956

MINISTRY OF HEALTH LIBRARY

C O N T E N T S

		Page
1.	Preface to the Report	3, 4.
2.	Constitution of the Relevant Committees ...	5.
3.	Officers of the Council	6.
4.	Part I. Vital Statistics :-	
	(a) Population Table	8.
	(b) Summary of Vital Statistics	9.
	(c) Births and Birth Rates	10.
	(d) Deaths and Death Rates	11.
	(e) General Infectious Diseases	12.
	(f) Tuberculosis	12, 13.
5.	Part II. Environmental Hygiene :-	
	(a) Milk Supplies	15.
	(b) Water Supplies	16.
	(c) Food Control	16, 17, 18.
	(d) Housing	18, 19.
	(e) Factories and Workshops	19.
6.	Part III. General Sanitation :-	
	(a) Refuse Disposal	21.
	(b) Sewage Disposal	21.
	(c) Rodent Control	21.
	(d) Public Conveniences	21.
	(e) Disinfection and Disinfestation ...	21.
	(f) General Nuisances	22.
	(g) Street Cleaning	22.
	(h) Public Houses and Clubs	22.
	(i) Mortuaries	22.

PREFACE TO THE REPORT

District Health Office,
County Offices,
HAVERFORDWEST.
August, 1957.

To: The Chairman and Members of the
Fishguard and Goodwick U.D.C.

Sir, Madam, and Gentlemen,

I have the pleasure to report upon matters affecting the health of the District for the year 1956 :-

Population

The population of the District has decreased for the third year running. Whilst the decrease is small, it is an undesirable trend for the future well being. For the past three years also the Natural Increase in population has been a minus quantity. In other words, there have been more deaths each year than births.

There is a relatively high proportion of elderly people in the Fishguard Area. To offset this it is necessary to have a high Birth Rate. But the present Birth Rate is the lowest recorded since 1947. There are many factors, of course, which have a bearing upon the Birth Rate. Most of these are outside the influence of the Council. There is one major factor, however, which can be directly influenced by the Council, namely Housing. Bad Housing conditions are detrimental to the rearing of families.

The attraction of light industry would also assist in the population problem. This again would be linked with housing.

Births and Birth Rates

The General Birth Rate has already been mentioned. It has fallen from 20.9 in 1947 to 13.4 in 1956.

The position regarding Still Births and Illegitimate Births is satisfactory, both comparing favourably with National Rates.

Deaths and Death Rates

The General Death Rate showed an appreciable decrease over the preceding year, but is still on the high side. As has already been pointed out there is a high proportion of elderly people in the District, and the general Death Rate therefore tends to be high.

As to specific causes of death, it will be noted that no deaths took place during the year from Violent causes. Also, there were no Infant Deaths. Deaths from Cancer, however, remain on the high side, as compared with National Rates.

Infectious Diseases

Infectious Diseases were practically confined to Measles and Whooping Cough. The District has been free of any serious Infections.

Pulmonary Tuberculosis

There was rather a high incidence of fresh cases during the year. The annual figures, however, fluctuate considerably, and there is no cause for special concern.

For the second successive year there were no deaths attributed to Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis

There were no cases notified for the fourth successive year. There have been no deaths from Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis since 1948.

Milk Supply

The standard of hygiene in the production and distribution of milk continues to be high. This reflects creditably on all concerned in the industry.

Water Supply

The standard, both in quality and quantity, continued to be most satisfactory. The average amount of water used per head of the population per day, is 45 gallons. This is rather high, and the

PREFACE TO THIS REPORT

usually accepted figure is around 30 gallons.

Food Control

The standard of food handling and hygiene is reasonably good. The new Food Hygiene Regulations imposed conditions rather in advance of existing standards. Every effort, however, is being made to bring all food premises to a minimum standard.

The present slaughterhouse is unsuitable in almost every aspect. If allowed to continue, in present conditions, it would be a continual source of nuisance and complaint.

There is a need for a small efficient slaughterhouse in the District, whether privately or publicly managed.

Housing

The Council has commenced to tackle the difficult problem of Slum Clearance. It is necessary to have a small balanced Housing Programme to run concurrently with Slum Clearance and unfit houses.

Sewage Disposal

Once again the potential danger to public health of the disposal of crude sewage on the foreshore must be indicated.

It is appreciated that it would be a costly and difficult matter to rectify the situation.

Conclusion

In the field of vital statistics, the District compares favourably with the National figures, except in relation to the Birth Rate.

In the field of hygiene and sanitation there are no serious problems, with the exception of the disposal of sewage.

I wish to thank the members of the Council and the Officers for their continued courtesy and co-operation.

I remain,
Your obedient Servant,

W. J. Y. SPEEDY,

Medical Officer of Health.

FISHGUARD AND GOODWICK URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

CONSTITUTION OF RELEVANT COMMITTEES
1956-1957

Chairman of the Council : Councillor B. Miles Thomas, J.P.

Vice Chairman of the Council : Councillor Evan Anthony, M.B.E.

Public Health Committee :-

Chairman	:	Councillor J. Owen Richards.
Members	:	Councillor A. T. Winchester.
		" D. Sayer.
		" H. F. Izzard.
		" G. Ll. Williams.
		" Mrs. B.M. Timothy, J.P.
		" F. T. Morgan.
		" D. S. Evans, J.P.
		" B. Miles Thomas, J.P.
		" Evan Anthony, M.B.E.

Housing Committee :-

Chairman	:	Councillor Mrs. B.M. Timothy, J.P.
Members	:	Councillor G. C. Proud.
		" J. Owen Richards.
		" G. Ll. Williams.
		" D. D. Thomas.
		" D. S. Evans, J.P.
		" G. H. Thomas.
		" R. A. Williams.
		" B. Miles Thomas, J.P.
		" Evan Anthony, M.B.E.

Water Committee :-

Chairman	:	Councillor D. Sayer.
Members	:	Councillor E. A. Thomas.
		" H. F. Izzard.
		" Richard Williams.
		" A. T. Winchester.
		" F. T. Morgan.
		" J. D. Morris.
		" M. D. Lake.
		" B. Miles Thomas, J.P.
		" Evan Anthony, M.B.E.

Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2016 with funding from
Wellcome Library

https://archive.org/details/b28842972

OFFICERS OF THE COUNCIL

		Date of Appointment.
Clerk	J. Hywel Evans	1. 10. 27.
Surveyor	H. S. Biggs, A.R.I.C.S., A.M.Inst.H.E.	1. 10. 50.
Water Engineer	T. R. Thomas, M.Inst.B.E.	27. 5. 40.
Public Health Inspector	O. L. Thomas, M.S.I.A.	1. 6. 55.
Medical Officer of Health	W.J.Y. Speedy, M.B., B.Ch., L.R.C.P.&S., L.R.F.P.&S, D.P.H.	1. 10. 47.

All Departments of the Council - The Town Hall, Fishguard.
Telephone : Fishguard 2247.

Medical Officer of Health - County Offices, Haverfordwest.
Telephone : Haverfordwest 780.

PART I.

VITAL STATISTICS AND EPIDEMIOLOGY

POPULATION TABLE : 1947 - 1956

Year	Total Population	Natural Increase in Population
1947	4,600	+ 32
1948	4,773	+ 14
1949	4,775	+ 13
1950	4,827	- 6
1951	4,827	0
1952	4,879	+ 21
1953	4,826	+ 20
1954	4,880	- 1
1955	4,860	- 3
1956	4,810	- 10

SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS - 1956

Estimated Mid-Year Population	4,810	
Natural Increase in Population (Births minus Deaths)	- 10	
Corrected Birth Rate	13.4	(a)
Still Birth Rate	16.0	(b)
Illegitimate Birth Rate	32.7	(c)
General Death Rate	14.7	(a)
Cancer Death Rate	2.3	(a)
Pulmonary Tuberculosis Death Rate	Nil	
Infant Mortality Rate	Nil	

(a) Per 1000 Population

(b) Per 1000 Total Births.

(c) Per 1000 Live Births.

BIRTHS AND BIRTH RATES

Classification of Births

	Legitimate			Illegitimate		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total
Live Births	33	26	59	1	1	2
Still Births	1	0	1	0	0	0

Total Live Births for 1956 = 61
Total Still Births for 1956 = 1
Total Illegitimate Births 1956 = 2

Birth Rates
General Birth Rates

General Birth Rate for District for 1956 = 13.4/1000 population
General Birth Rate for County for 1956 = 16.2/1000 population
General Birth Rate for England and Wales for 1956 = 15.7/1000 population

Still Birth Rates

Still Birth Rate for District for 1956 = 16.0/1000 Total Births.
Still Birth Rate for England and Wales for 1956 = 23.0/1000 Total Births.

Illegitimate Birth Rates

Illegitimate Birth Rate for District for 1956=32.7/1000 Live Births.
Illegitimate Birth Rate for England and Wales for 1956 =46.0/1000 Live Births.

The following Table shows the General Birth Rate, the number of Still Births, and the number of Illegitimate Births, each year since 1947 :-

Year	General Birth Rate	Number of Still Births	Number of Illegitimate Births
1947	20.9	3	4
1948	15.9	0	0
1949	16.7	3	1
1950	14.5	3	4
1951	13.9	3	1
1952	14.8	6	4
1953	13.9	1	2
1954	14.3	2	2
1955	17.6	5	1
1956	13.4	1	2

DEATHS AND DEATH RATES

Classification of Deaths

	Male	Female	Total
Diseases of the Heart and Circulatory System	18	11	29
Diseases of the Brain and Nervous System	7	10	27
Cancer (all forms)	7	4	11
Diseases of Respiratory System	6	1	7
Diseases of Digestive System	0	2	2
Diseases of Kidneys and Urinary System	1	0	1
Others	2	2	4
	41	30	71

General Death Rates

Corrected Death Rate for District for 1956 = 14.7/1000 population
General Death Rate for England & Wales for 1956=11.7/1000 population

Violent Deaths)
Infant Deaths) Nil.

Cancer Mortality

There were 11 deaths from Cancer during the year.

Cancer Death Rate for District for 1956 = 2.3/1000 population
Cancer Death Rate for England and Wales for 1956 = 2.0/1000 population

The following is a classification of the organs affected :-

Lungs	=	1
Abdominal organs	=	5
Others	=	5
Total	=	11

The following Table shows the General Death Rate, Infant Mortality Rate, number of Violent Deaths, and the number of Cancer Deaths each year since 1947 :-

Year	General Death Rate	Infant Death Rate	Number of Violent Deaths	Number of Cancer Deaths
1947	13.9	61.2	4	8
1948	12.9	39.5	2	13
1949	14.0	62.6	2	13
1950	15.7	28.5	Nil	13
1951	13.9	27.6	2	8
1952	10.4	13.8	Nil	9
1953	9.7	29.0	2	10
1954	14.5	28.5	2	9
1955	16.3	25.0	4	12
1956	14.7	Nil	Nil	11

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The following Infectious Diseases were notified during the year :-

Measles	=	76
Whooping Cough	=	26
Scarlet Fever	=	3

There was no undue incidence of any Infectious Diseases.

The following Table shows the summary of Infectious Diseases notified each year since 1947 :-

	'47	'48	'49	'50	'51	'52	'53	'54	'55	'56
Measles	4	1	119	3	264	5	12	-	60	76
Whooping Cough	-	11	44	21	59	6	3	19	5	26
Scarlet Fever	1	-	1	2	7	11	1	3	4	3
Dysentry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-
Paratyphoid	-	-	-	-	-	14	5	1	-	-
Poliomyelitis	-	1	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pneumonia	-	-	1	-	5	4	4	2	-	-
Ophth. Neonatorum	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerperal Fever	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Pulmonary Tuberculosis

Incidence

The following fresh cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis were notified during the year :-

		Male	Female	Total
Age Group	0 - 14 years	-	-	-
" "	15 - 29 years	-	1	1
" "	30 - 49 years	2	1	3
" "	50+ years	1	-	1
		3	2	5

Mortality

No deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis during the year.

The following Table shows the number of fresh cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis, and the number of deaths, each year since 1947 :-

Year	Fresh Cases	Number of Deaths
1947	5	3
1948	4	1
1949	4	2
1950	Nil	2
1951	5	1
1952	1	Nil
1953	2	Nil
1954	4	2
1955	2	Nil
1956	5	Nil

Miniature Mass Radiography

The Miniature Mass Radiography Unit visited Fishguard during the year, in March, 1956. The following Table gives the statistics for the visit :-

	Schools	General Pop.	Trecwn	Total
Attendance	652	528	653	1,833
Definite T.B.	-	-	-	-
Suspected T.B.	-	8	7	15
Other abnormalities	-	15	25	40

Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis

There were no fresh cases and no deaths for the fourth successive year.

The following Table shows the number of fresh cases of Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis and the numberof deaths each year since 1947 :-

Year	Fresh Cases	Deaths
1947	1	1
1948	0	0
1949	2	0
1950	0	0
1951	0	0
1952	1	0
1953	0	0
1954	0	0
1955	0	0
1956	0	0

P A R T II.

E N V I R O N M E N T A L

H Y G I E N E

MILK SUPPLIES

Milk Sampling

Sampling of milk, at Consumer level, was continued during the year. Samples were forwarded to the Public Health Laboratory, Carmarthen, for testing and report.

The following is a summary of sampling results during 1956 :-

	Satisfactory	Doubtful	Unsatisfactory	Total
General Consumer	58	2	2	62
Schools	3	-	-	3
Bottle Rinsings	-	-	-	-
	61	2	2	65

This represents 94% Satisfactory samples, which reflects a high standard of hygiene by everyone connected with the production and handling of milk.

The following Table shows the number of samples, and the percentage satisfactory, each year since 1948 :-

Year	Number of Samples	Satisfactory
1948	46	41%
1949	106	70%
1950	43	97%
1951	67	89%
1952	46	93%
1953	65	83%
1954	18	80%
1955	14	93%
1956	65	94%

Milk Distributors in the District

There are five Milk Distributors in the Area :-

Pasteurised Milk only	= 1
Pasteurised Milk and T.T. Raw	= 1
Tuberculin Tested Only	= 1
Ungraded Milk	= 2
	5

Pasteurised Milk is distributed throughout the area. Tuberculin Tested Milk is distributed in the Fishguard Ward. Part of Goodwick, Harbour Village, and part of the Wallis area of Fishguard are served with ungraded milk direct from the farms where it is produced.

The Pasteurised Milk is treated at Haverfordwest and may be obtained throughout the area.

All milk supplied to the Schools is pasteurised and delivered in sealed bottles. Pasteurised Milk for use in the School kitchens is delivered in sealed churns.

WATER SUPPLIES

Water Sampling

Water sampling, at Consumer level, was continued during the year. Samples were forwarded to the Public Health Laboratory, Carmarthen, for testing and report.

The following is a summary of sampling results during the year (General Bacteriological) :-

Satisfactory	=	31	(84%)
Doubtful	=	3	
Unsatisfactory	=	3	
Total	=	37	

In addition, the Council's Water Engineer takes regular samples at source, before and after treatment, both for bacteriological and chemical examination.

Source of Supply

Springs and gathering grounds at Pontygotty and Glyngath where approximately 1,000,000 gallons are impound. The water is a typical upland surface water.

Storage and Distribution

The water gravitates from source to a storage reservoir (200,000 gallons) at Penwallis, where it is filtered (mechanically), treated and chlorinated. It then passes to the distribution mains.

General Statistics

Percentage of premises with piped supply	= 100%
Number of new connections during 1956	= 13
Number of renewed connections during 1956	= 17
Average daily consumption of water	= 220,000 gallons
Average daily consumption (per head of population)	= 45 gallons

FOOD CONTROL

Summary of Registered Premises (Food and Drugs Act)

Ice Cream	=	19
Prepared Foods	=	8
Slaughterhouses	=	1
Knackers Yards	=	Nil

Summary of Food Stuffs condemned during the year

Sliced Meats	= 12.1bs.
Sausages	= 28.1bs.
Black Puddings	= 4.1bs.
Cheese	= 16.1bs.
Bacon	= 12½.1bs.
Tea	= 7½.1bs.
Tinned Meats	= 153 Tins.
Tinned Vegetables	= 248 Tins.
Tinned Fruit	= 217 Tins.
Tinned Milk	= 43 Tins.
Tinned Fish	= 118 Tins.

Ice Cream

The following is a summary of producers and retailers in the District :-

Producers only	=	0
Producer-Retailers	=	1
Retailers only	=	18

Sampling of Ice Cream was continued during the year, in co-operation with the Public Health Laboratory, Carmarthen.

The following is a summary of sampling results for 1956, (Bacteriological) :-

Grade I. (Highly Satisfactory)	=	13
Grade II. (Satisfactory)	=	4
Grade III. (Doubtful)	=	3
Grade IV. (Unsatisfactory)	=	2
Total	=	22

This represents 80% Satisfactory samples, and reflects a reasonably high standard of hygiene in the production and handling of Ice Cream.

The following Table shows the number of samples and percentage satisfactory, each year since sampling commenced :-

Year	Number of Samples	Satisfactory
1950	10	50%
1951	49	80%
1952	28	75%
1953	60	85%
1954	20	85%
1955	Nil	Nil
1956	22	80%

Mineral Waters

No Factory in the District. No samples taken during the year.

Food Poisoning

Nil to report.

Food Shops

There are 24 Grocer and General Dealer shops in the area. The majority of these shops have living quarters at the rear and above, occupied by the management. All are supplied with satisfactory toilet and washing facilities.

There are 4 Fish, Fruit and Vegetable stores in the area.
" " 6 Bread and Confectionery stores.
" " 12, Sweets, Tobacco and Refreshments stores.
" " 4 Chemist shops.
" " 2 Wine Stores.
" " 2 Fish and Chips establishments in the area.
The general standard of cleanliness is satisfactory.

Meat Shops

There are 8 Meat purveyors in the district. The bulk of the meat sold in the area is slaughtered and dressed at the Abattoir in Haverfordwest.

A limited quantity of sausages and minced meat is prepared by each of the butchers.
The general conditions are satisfactory.

Catering Establishments

There are 12 catering establishments in the area apart from the licensed premises. These catering establishments are small and easily managed. The standard of cleanliness and hygiene is satisfactory.

Bakeries and Bakehouses

There are five bakehouses in the District, all of which use mechanical power. These premises are subject to periodical inspection, and the standard of cleanliness is maintained at a satisfactory level.

Slaughterhouses and Meat Inspection

There is one private licensed slaughterhouse in the District situated in Brodog Lane, Fishguard. This slaughterhouse falls far below standard and is too small to accommodate all the butchers in the area. Two butchers slaughter regularly at those premises, with occasional slaughtering by some of the other butchers. The bulk of the meat sold in the District is slaughtered at Haverfordwest.

The number of butcher shops in the District is eight.

There is a slaughtering hall at the lairages in Fishguard Harbour where animals unfit to travel further are slaughtered. The dressed carcases are transported to Haverfordwest.

The following meats and offals were condemned during the year :-

1 Pig's carcase and offals complete.
306½.lbs. of Beef.
2 Forequarters of Beef.
90 Bovine Livers.
31 Bovine Lites.
9 Bovine Heads.
61 Sheep Plucks.
28 Pigs Plucks.
5 Pigs Heads.
3 Horse Livers.
4 Horse Lites.

HOUSING

Council Housing Programme

Number of new Council houses completed in 1956	=	Nil
Number of new Council houses in course of erection at 31st December, 1956	=	Nil
Estimated Number of new houses to be built in 1957	=	10

The following Table summarises all Council housing :-

	Houses			Flats & Maisonettes		Bungalows	
	2 bed.	3 bed.	4 bed.	2 bed.	3 bed.	Permanent	Pre-Fabs.
Period to 31st Dec. 1945	-	42	-	-	-	-	-
1946	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1947	-	22	-	-	-	-	-
1948	-	32	-	-	-	-	-
1949	-	16	2	-	-	-	-
1950	-	24	2	-	-	-	-
1951	-	24	2	-	-	-	-
1952	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
1953	14	42	4	-	-	-	-
1954	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1955	-	2	-	4	-	6	-
1956	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	14	206	10	4	-	6	-

General Statistics

Number of Informal Notices for repairs	=	14
Number of Formal Notices for repairs	=	6

Improvement Grants

Number of Grants approved during the year	=	21
Number of Housing loans approved	=	1

Council Housing Estates

Pre-War :	Wallis Crescent, Fishguard	=	10
	Heol-y-Felin, Goodwick	=	32
	Total	=	42
Post-War :	Maeshyfryd, Fishguard	=	112
	Stop and Call, Goodwick	=	86
	Total	=	198

Re-Housing Need in District

(a)	For Slum Clearance and Unfit houses	=	21
(b)	For housing applications	=	60

Private Building

Two (2) houses built by private enterprise during the year.

Slum Clearance and Demolition

Notices under Section 11 of the Housing Act were served in respect of 17 dwellings.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS

The following is a summary of premises in the District subject to the Factories and Workshops Act :-

Electric Power	1
Electric Repairs	2
Marine Iron and Metal Repairs....	1
Marine Joinery	1
Locomotive Repairs	1
Brickworks	1
Printing	1
Sawmills	2
Gas Works	1
Upholstery	2
Laundries	1
Coachbuilding	1
Monumental Mason	1
Saddlery	1
Ice Cream	1
Garage Repairs	6
Plumbing	2
Carpentry and Woodwork	7
Watch Repairs	3
Radio and Television Repairs	2
Boot and Shoe Repairs	3
Bakehouses	5
Photography	1

No defects during the year.

No outworkers in the District.

P A R T III.

G E N E R A L S A N I T A T I O N

Refuse Disposal

The collection of refuse is made once a week from all the premises in the area.

In addition, trade refuse is collected weekly. A nominal charge is made to the traders for this service.

Refuse is disposed of by tipping on land adjacent to the Wern Road, Goodwick. Spoil from the Goodwick Brickworks is taken to the tip as it becomes available, and used as a surface dressing.

Sewage Disposal

The majority of premises in Fishguard and Goodwick are connected to the sewer system.

There is no provision for the treatment of sewage. There are 3 sewer outfalls into the sea :-

1. Goodwick Harbour.
2. Ogof Martha, Fishguard.
3. Lower Fishguard.

This disposal of sewage is a potential danger which does not appear to receive the consideration called for.

Rodent Control

Disinfestation is carried out by a part-time Operator.

During the year, two treatments of the sewer system were carried out. The baits and poisons used were Bread Mash and Arsenic, and Sausage Rusk and Zinc Phosphide.

Business premises and private dwellings are treated by the use of Warfarin.

21 Infestations were dealt with at private dwellings.
No Infestations were dealt with at Business Premises.

Public Conveniences

There are 3 all purpose conveniences in the District situated at :-

The Market Square, Fishguard.
The Quay Road, Goodwick.
The Promenade, Goodwick.

There are no facilities at Lower Fishguard.

Disinfection and Disinfestation

Disinfection of the premises is carried out after the termination of Infectious Disease or the removal of a patient to hospital. Where necessary a free supply of disinfectant is supplied to the householder.

During the year two premises were disinfected. There was no request for the elimination of cockroaches or bug infestation.

General Nuisances

During the year, complaints were investigated and were dealt with by Informal action as follows :-

Nuisances from the accumulation of refuse and indiscriminate tipping etc.,	.....	11
Abated after Informal action	.....	11
Nuisances arising from cesspits requiring cleansing	.....	2
Abated after Informal action	.....	2
Nuisances arising from the keeping of animals etc.		3
Abated after Informal action	.....	3
Nuisances arising from defective drains	.....	18
Abated after Informal action	.....	18
Nuisances from disrepair of premises	.....	14
Abated after Informal action	.....	8
Abated after Formal action	.....	5

Street Cleaning

The shopping centre is cleaned daily. This work is carried out in the early hours of the day. Litter baskets are placed at frequent intervals throughout the area. Streets off the shopping centres are subject to frequent sweeping and cleansing.

Sanitation and Hygiene in Public Houses and Clubs

There are 18 licensed premises in the area, and 5 registered clubs. These premises are all fitted with proper sanitary conveniences. Hot and cold water is laid on and facilities for the washing up of drinking utensils are satisfactory.

The general standard of cleanliness is satisfactory.

There are two small Cinemas in the area.

Mortuaries

There is one mortuary which serves Fishguard and Goodwick, situated in the Goodwick area.

The building is limited in size, approximately 120.sq.ft.
There is a cold water supply available.
There is no sanitary accommodation.
There are no heating arrangements.
There is no provision for the carrying out of a Post Mortem examination.
Disinfectants are provided as required.
There is only room for the reception of one corpse.
It will be observed that the building is only used for the reception of a corpse in an emergency.

Burial of Vagrant Dead
Removal of Persons in Need
Smoke Abatement
Public Baths and Wash-houses
Knackers Yards
Salvage
Camping Sites

Nil to report.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH